Comprehensive Review of Structural Components of *Salvia hispanica* & Its Biological Applications

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**Abstract:** *Salvia hispanica* is an important member of the Labiatae family and its role as health-promoting effect is attributed to it is rich source of phytoconstituents. The historic grain is becoming extremely trendy in modern food regime in numerous countries; the major proportion of α-linolenic acid makes chia the superb source of omega-3 fatty (about 65% of the oil content). Omega-3 fatty acid has been linked with a number of physiological roles in human body. Chia seed is a potent source of antioxidants with the presence of chlorogenic acid, myricetin, caffeic acid, quercetin, and kaempferol which are believed to have hepatic protective effects, cardiac, anti-ageing and anti-carcinogenic properties. It is also a great source of dietary fibre along with higher concentration of valuable unsaturated fatty acids, gluten free protein, minerals, and vitamin sand phenolic components. Other than this, seeds are an exceptional wellspring of polyphenols and cell fortifications, for instance, caffeic destructive, rosmarinic destructive, myricetin, quercetin and others. Today, chia has been destitute down in various domains of research. Researchers around the world have been investigating the upsides of chia seeds in the pharmaceutical, pharmaceutical, and sustenance industry. Chia oil today is one of the most noteworthy oils in the market. In this current review, the role of *Salvia hispanica* is summarized in the prevention and treatment of diseases via the regulation of various physiological and biological pathways.

**Keywords:** Chia, Fibre, Nutritional and Therapeutic Properties, Omega-3 Fatty Acids, Protein

1. Introduction

*Salvia hispanica* has a place with kingdom Plantae (Angiosperms) arranged underneath the mint family (Labiatae) super division of Spermatophyta, twice per year developed plant [1]. The Salvia sort under the request Lamiales comprises of around 900 species in the family Lamiaceae and the biggest genera, with a couple of them developed and worn worldwide in enhancing and society pharmaceuticals [2].

In Pre-Columbian developments, for example, the Mayas and the Aztecs chia was as significant as corn and bean. It was broadly cultivated (somewhere in the range of 1500 and 900 BC) for utilization of its seeds as a vitality source, and for clinical, aesthetic and strict purposes [3].

*Salvia hispanica* (Chia seed) has highest nutritional value as well as health attributes. Chia oil is mainly composed of triglycerides, in which polyunsaturated fatty acids (α-linolenic acids, linoleic, PUFA) are found in high amounts [4].

The seeds of *Salvia hispanica* fundamentally developed the
creation of purple or white blooms which may deliver basic chia or brilliant chia. The seed contains from 25%-40% oil amidst 60% of it involving ω-3 (omega) alphalinolenic corrosive and 20% of ω-6 (omega) linoleic corrosive and proteins, sugars and dietary strands. Both basic unsaturated fats are fundamental by the human body for prevalent wellbeing, and they can't be misleadingly integrated. Salvia hispanica seeds are an exceptional wellspring of polyphenols and cell fortifications, for instance, caffeic destructive, rosmarinic destructive, myricetin, quercetin and others [5]. Salvia Hispanica could grow up to 1 m tall and has contradicting orchestrated clears out. The seed shape is oval with size extending from 1 to 2mm and the color fluctuates from dark to white [6].

Imposed Significant changes in the human eating routine over the previous decades, especially as far as dietary fat, low fiber and other vital fixings and its impact on human wellbeing, have turned into a boss financial interest. Tactile examination indicated that chia gel put away in various conditions could supplant egg in chocolate cake not impeding agreeableness. It is conceivable that chilly stockpiling improves chia gel efficacy [7]. Epidemiological and trial imaginative check sets up an awesome fondness between dietary fat and frequency of coronary illness, diabetes, growth and gloom and different sicknesses. Cardiovascular infections accord 20% of aggregate clinical mortality in the midst of Americans consistently and financially cost around 300 billion every year [8]. Salvia hispanica has a broadened history of human-plant connection. In pre-Columbian Mesoamerica the yearly harvest species was a noteworthy item and its seeds were revering for oil, sustenance and pharmaceutical. In pre-Columbian Mexico S. hispanica have been prompted as noteworthy as maize, and in a few territories extra critical [9].

S. hispnica seed contains wealthy dietary strands. Having gum-like ownership S. hispnica has fiber-rich division of 53.45 g/100 g which is insoluble dietary fiber, though 56.4 g/100 g dietary fiber and the rest of dissolvable. In assessment with different wellsprings of fiber (soyabean, labyrinth, wheat and wheat frames), the fiber-rich division in S. hispnica has higher water holding, retention, and natural particle assimilation limit with high emulsifying action (53.326 mL/100 mL) and emulsion soundness (94.84 mL/100 mL). Consequently, it has been pertinent on treats or deserts successfully [10].

S. hispnica seed are made out of 22– 24 g/100 g protein, 26–41 g/100 g sugars, 18–30 g/100 g dietary fiber, 4–6 g/100 g fiery debris, vitamins, cell reinforcements, minerals, 91–93 g/100 g dry issue and 32–39 g/100 g oil substance. The highlights of palatable oils are indispensable for their acknowledgment as sustenance or restorative enhancements on the grounds that the unsaturated fats piece is a main factor in its definition [11].

Salvia hispanica has enhanced water and fat binding property than those proteins isolated from soy [12]. Salvia hispanica is a plant with nourishing worth that contains the polyunsaturated unsaturated fats (PUFAs): linolenic corrosive omega-3, and linoleic corrosive omega-6.

These supplements have raised universal order on the wellbeing divisions. An Omega-3 Fatty acid is a group of normally blending PUFAs (polyunsaturated unsaturated fats). It is the course of action of the twofold bonds inside their hydrocarbon chain that give n– 3 unsaturated fats their name and furthermore their physical and physiological properties [13]. These nutraceutical mixes might be gotten utilizing various techniques: expulsion of the seed, dissolvable extraction, enzymatic extraction and extraction with supercritical liquids. In all cases the analyst intends to consolidate the extraction time, utilize a littler measure of dissolvable, increment the yield and enhance the value of the separated product [14].

2. Taxonomical Nomenclature

![Figure 1. Salvia hispanica](image)

Kingdom: Plantae
Subdivision: Spermatophyta
Order: Lamiales
Family: Lamiaceae
Genus: Salvia
Species: hispanica

3. Nutritional Composition of Seed

Seeds have high wholesome esteem and therapeutic properties. For a considerable length of time this modest seeds were utilized as the essential sustenance. The antiquated AZTEC warriors utilized these seeds as a nourishment of high quality and vitality. Utilization of S. hispnica is superb wellspring of omega-3 unsaturated fats and dietary fiber for sound skin, hairs, nails and generous weight control plans. Furthermore, these to a great degree unsaturated oils are likewise utilitarian beginning materials for a few inexhaustible maladies. The rising nervousness for general wellbeing overall cargo the improvement of powerful and functional sustenance’s with complex medical advantages [15].

Seeds from S. hispanica, normally known as chia, are a customary sustenance in southern and Central America. The grain of Chia is widely dependent for an assortment of medical advantages to safeguard sound serum lipid levels, prevalently
for nearness of the phenolic acids and omega 3/6 oil. Current investigations delineate that S. hispanica is a wonderful finish healthful source. Coordinate ingestion has an advantageous result, in light of the way that the glue layer, or, in other words of solvent fiber, is available that aids in absorption itself. However, the advantages of lipids and polyphenols are lessened [16].

3.1. Proteins

High protein contents of S. hispanica seeds legitimize the utilization of chia seed flour as an establishment of protein for creatures and also in humans. The most critical protein divisions of chia seeds are antacid solvent prolamins and glutelins. Chia seeds have enormous measures of aspartic corrosive lysine. The wholesome advantages resultant from a stage of oats with different seeds in the nutritious eating routine has been perceived for quite a long time. Proteins can go about as securing specialists against oxidative procedures [18].

3.2. Lipids

Lipids are lone of the primary supplements of the human eating regimen, and are of extraordinary significance to purchasers and sustenance industry. Seed oils establish a noteworthy piece of the standard eating regimen since they are a wellspring of vital basic supplements, for example, unsaturated fats, tocopherols, and phytosterols. Wellbeing cognizant shoppers order industry to give oil and oilseeds which are wealthy in gainful mixes including omega-3 unsaturated fats, tocopherols, and sterols.

Strength oils have supreme lipid segments with interesting dietary properties, and possess esteem a specialty advertise. Among lipid segments, linolenic corrosive, forerunner of the long chain n-3 unsaturated fats in human, cell reinforcements, and phytosterols get the most thought as dietary fixings adequately bringing down danger of heart illnesses [19].

3.2.1. Omega 3 Alpha-linolenic Corrosive

Basic unsaturated fat compensation is bringing down cholesterol levels, which results towards low circulatory strain and heart linked ailments. Anti-inflammatory action, Hepatic protective and Cardio defensive exercises are appeared by redistribution of lipid far from instinctive liver and fat. It have Anti diabetic activity and Protection against Anti-tumor and joint inflammation potential [6].

3.2.2. Unsaturated Fats

Salvia hispanica is particularly alluring on the grounds that it very well may be developed to deliver oil for both industry and sustenance. The unsaturated fats of chia oil are exceedingly unsaturated, with their principle segments being Linoleic (17-26%) and linolenic (50-57%) acids. Chromatographic examination of the oil organization demonstrated the nearness of linolenic, linoleic, stearic, oleic and palmitic unsaturated fats in the seed from all areas [20].

3.3. Fibers

Nutritional fiber is an amalgamation of mixes comprise of plant starch polymers, the two oligosaccharides and polysaccharides, e.g., cellulose, gelatin substances, hemicelluloses and gums that valor be related with lignin what's more, further non-sugar parts, e.g., polyphenols, waxes, saponins, cutin, phytates, and safe protein [21]. As per (Caudillo et al 2008) Mexican S. hispanica has a raised essence of fiber. Seeds conditions from Jalisco and Sinaloa were wealthy in TDF (Teneovir Disoproxil Fumarate); 39.94% and 36.97%, individually [2].

4. Antioxidant Activity

Among the decent variety of intensifies that can be available in every one of the assortments of S. hispanica cell reinforcements are for the most fundamental part among them. Cell reinforcements present in S. hispanica are of phenolic nature and can be in free shape or Clung to sugars by glycosidic linkages, which improve their solvency in Water. The independence of the principle cell reinforcements and also their cancer prevention agent action is all around recorded in the writing. The most overwhelming phenolic mixes incorporate caffeic acids and chlorogenic, and the flavonesmyricetin, quercetin and kaempferol [22].

In a later report (Cruz and pez, 2014) chia seed (S. hispanica L.) was broke down for aggregate phenolic mixes, cancer prevention agent action, what's more, evaluation of isoflavones and phenolic acids by ultrahigh performance fluid chromatography. The phenolic mixes distinguished and evaluated in the chia separates were protocatechuic, gallic acids rosmarinic and caffeic, and daidzin. Moreover, ferulic corrosive, genistin, glycitinylglycitein, and genistein were likewise identified. Among the detailed mixes, rosmarinic corrosive was the most rich cancer prevention agent (0.9267 mg/g). In outline, this investigation demonstrates chia seed to have a lofty cell reinforcement limit and speaks to a novel isoflavone source that might be incorporated into human eating routine [23].

4.1. Antidiabetic Activity

Various epidemiological and exploratory examinations recommend that adjustments in the piece of the macronutrients like Chia Seeds in the eating routine are critical natural determinants for the aversion or change of a few metabolic scatters incorporated into the 'supposed' metabolic disorder, for example, type 2 diabetes, insulin obstruction, hypertension Diabetes, CVD and Obesity [24]. This pestilence could have been and still can be forestalled by eating a bunch of chia seeds (Salvia hispanica) every day, to warding off diabetes because of their rich alpha-linolenic and fiber makeup. For more than two decades, various examinations and clinical examinations have concentrated on
the digestion of polyunsaturated unsaturated fats (PUFAs). The vast majority of them put significant enthusiasm for the dietary admission of marine PUFAs, particularly eicosapentaenoic corrosive (EPA) (20:5, n-3) and docosahexaenoic corrosive (DHA) (22:6, n-3), which are bottomless in fish, shellfish and ocean well evolved creatures and rare or missing in land creatures and plants. Their outcomes give proof of the gainful impacts of these acids on both ordinary wellbeing and incessant ailments, for example, control of lipid levels, cardiovascular, diabetes and immuno capacities [25].

Important activity of n-3 unsaturated fats is that they could assume a key job in the avoidance and administration of infections, for example, dyslipidemia, type 2 diabetes, insulin obstruction and hypertension [26]. In enthusiasm to demonstrate that chia seeds and useful in real examinations, analysts at University of Litoral in Argentina, hoping to help forestall metabolic scatters, for example, insulin obstruction and dyslipidemia, directed chia seeds because of their rich alpha-linolenic and fiber cosmetics. The outcomes found from this examination with respect to chia seeds and diabetes especially were entrancing on the grounds that two one next to the other investigations arrived at comparative conclusions [27].

In contemplate number one, took a gander at the reaction when sound Wistar rodents had three weeks of a sucrose-rich eating regimen (SRD). Amid this trial, chia seeds spoke to the essential wellspring of dietary fats. Inferring that encouraging the rodents’ chia seeds totally hindered the improvement of dyslipidemia and insulin opposition. Incredibly, the glucose levels in these rodents remained the equivalent regardless of an eating routine comprising of 65 percent sugar. In consider number two, inspected the reaction of sound rodents on a comparable SRD diet for three months without chia. This guaranteed the rodents created dyslipidemia and insulin obstruction. Those rodents were then encouraged a SRD diet with chia seeds for two months. Presuming that once the diabetic rodents were encouraged chia seeds alongside the SRD diet, they recouped from the condition inside the two-month time frame. An additional advantage was that by including chia seeds, instinctive fat tissue was likewise lessened [28].

As past investigations appeared (Yolanda et al 2006) and now affirmed in the present examination, the considerable hypertriaclylglycerolaemia which creates in rodents sustained a SRD, either amid 3 weeks or 5 months, is a mix of an expanded hepatic VLDLTAG emission and a damaged expulsion component of TAG from the course [28]. Also, a few examinations have shown that a high sugar diet (sucrose or fructose) incites a critical increment of liver TAG content by expanded lipogenic compound exercises and also by diminishing the exercises of unsaturated fat oxidation [29].

4.2. Anti Cancer Activity

Being critical for treating diabetes isn’t the main advantage that originates from chia seeds; there are other a few things and wellbeing conditions that are treated with chia seeds also, for example, cancer. Chia seeds are wealthy in omega-3 unsaturated fats, fiber, vitamin B, protein, calcium, magnesium, press, zinc, and additionally numerous different supplements and minerals, and each and every one of these assume an awesome job too with regards to the strength of the human body [30]. Chia seeds and disease play well alongside each other, and this returns to the alpha linolenic corrosive that is found in the omega-3 unsaturated fats found in chia seeds, which are vital for treating and crushing malignancy [31].

Different Seeds all in all are typically wealthy in this kind of omega-3 unsaturated fat, for example, flax seeds, hemp seeds, soybeans, yet with regards to chia seeds, we could state that it conveys the most extravagant measure of linolenic corrosive conceivable when contrasted with the rest, since in conveys 8 fold the amount of alpha linolenic corrosive as soybeans and 16% more than flaxseeds. It was discovered that alpha linolenic corrosive (ALA) instigate apoptosis on certain bosom growth and cervical tumor cell lines, without harming non-dangerous cells. Apoptosis is the body’s characteristic method for disposing of harmed or pointless cells, yet this instrument is normally defective with disease cells, enabling them to develop wildly [32, 33].

Not withstanding the alpha linolenic corrosive that is found in omega-3, chia seeds are likewise wealthy in fiber and zinc, which are both vital with regards to battling tumor also. In the official diary of the International Society for the Study of Lipids and Fatty Acids, it was discovered that the oil that turns out from chia seeds convey some enemy of malignancy properties to the body, with regards to the glandular tissue of the bosom. This chia seed oil has all the earmarks of being valuable with regards to decreasing the tumor development and metastasis by repressing mitosis – or, in other words of malignancy cells In addition to the explanations for eating and devouring chia seeds for treating bosom disease, comprehend that they could help in battling growth [34]. Chia seed oil and its mixes with vegetable oils could contribute as a dietary source to the prevention of degenerative ailments, for example, diabetes mellitus, malignancy and coronary vein ailments. In this manner, it tends to be refined that the mixing of other vegetable oils with chia seed oil upgrades the normal activity and medical advantages of those oils [13].

5. Health Benifits

The consumption of restorative sustenance from society pharmaceutical to anticipate infections, e.g. stoutness, cardiovascular issues and diabetes is currently picking up driving strength among the ordinary citizens. Seeds from S. hispanica, generally known as chia, are predictable nourishment in southern America. This grain is generally expended for different medical advantages to keep up sound serum lipid levels, especially for the nearness of the phenolic acids and omega-3 oil. These supplements have raised universal order on the wellbeing divisions. An Omega-3 Fatty acid is a group of normally blending PUFAs (polyunsaturated unsaturated fats). It is the course of action of the twofold bonds inside their hydrocarbon chain that give n– 3
unsaturated fats their name and furthermore their physical and physiological properties. Salvia hispanica as a brilliant fountain of omega-3 unsaturated fats and dietary fiber are likewise helpful beginning materials for some inexhaustible chemicals [16].

A few Health and cement advantages Of Salvia Hispanica are recorded beneath:

1. Cardiac defensive [35, 36].
2. Works as Anti Diabetic [37].
3. Phytosterols in Chia functions as anticancer, cell reinforcements, bactericidal and antifungal impacts [38].
4. Chia has extraordinary property of hydration with thick mucilage layer [39].
5. Antidepressant, anti-anxiety, insusceptible improver of EPA and DHA in blood [40].
6. Oil removed from chia leaves can be devoured as a topping or utilized as a scent [41].
7. Salvia hispanica with toasted maize, and a tail of opossum is prescribed for the lady who needed to incite work with its numerous utilizations as a stimulant, gastro intestinal, respiratory, urinary tract, fever, obstetrics, skin, focal anxious, and Ophthalmologic use in the treatment of eye impediments [42].
8. Potential to bring down the awful LDL cholesterol and increment advantageous HDL cholesterol [43].
9. seed is wealthy in fiber giving great wellsprings of B vitamins in addition to minerals, for example, calcium, magnesium, phosphorus, zinc, potassium and others [44].
10. Potential wellsprings of a few bio-dynamic peptides, Repair of harmed tissue and general prosperity [45].
11. Celiac malady, stoppage and vasodilatation [46].
12. β-sitosterol present in Chia has colossal application in the assurance of colon disease and their capacity to keep complexities from kindhearted prostatic hyperplasia [47].
13. Gum can be removed from Chia by conduct of seeds with water for make it use as an added substance to control thickness, solidness, surface, and consistency in sustenance frameworks. The gum is additionally enduring at high temperature (up to 244°C), therefore making gum extricate from chia seed as a promising operator in high esteem nourishment plans [48].
14. Combination of Chia (1%) and carrageenan (0.5%) expands generation yield of rebuilt ham-like items and declines lipid and protein oxidation [10].
15. Chia gum uncovered to contain the 26.2% of fat and when submitted to fat extraction delivered two divisions: gum with fat (FCG) and gum mostly defatted (PDCG) [45].

6. Conclusion

The results of the present investigation revealed that aqueous solvent (80% methanol, 80% ethanol) extracts of plant materials prepared by orbital shaker, exhibited better antioxidant activities and higher phenolic contents. Contrarily to extraction yield, the total phenolic contents and antioxidant activities of the tested plant materials decreased when these were extracted using the reflux technique. It is economically cost effective project; it works as Antioxidant It has a lot of applied work. The present data would certainly help to ascertain the potency of the tested medicinal plant materials as potential source of natural antioxidants to be used for nutraceutical and functional food applications. However, further research is needed to identify individual components forming antioxidant system and develop their applications for food and pharmaceutical industries Food Industry Ghee Industry and its use in cosmetics.

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